



SIMBIOLAB

SimReal™ CMV Detection & Quantitation Kit

Cat. No: SBL11-197

USER MANUAL

INTRODUCTION

Cytomegalovirus (CMV) is a member of the Herpesviruses group (designated as HHV-5). CMV belongs to the β -herpesvirus subfamily of Herpesviridae. Cause mononucleosis, and pneumonia in normal individuals but may leads to life-threatening infections in immunosuppressed patients (e.g. patients with HIV, organ transplant recipients, or infants).

All herpes viruses share a characteristic ability to remain latent within the body over long periods of time. CMV can be found in numerous body fluids including urine, saliva, breast milk, blood, tears, and semen. CMV infection is the most significant viral cause of birth defects.

KIT CONTENTS

Components	Labels	Cap Color	Volume
			25 Tests
2x Reaction Mix	Reaction Mix	Black	250 μ l
Primer and Probes mix	Oligomix	White	50 μ l
Standard 1 (10^2 copy/ μ l)	STD 1	Green	20 μ l
Standard 2 (10^3 copy/ μ l)	STD 2	Yellow	20 μ l
Standard 3 (10^4 copy/ μ l)	STD 3	Red	20 μ l
Standard 4 (10^5 copy/ μ l)	STD 4	Violet	20 μ l
Standard 5 (10^6 copy/ μ l)	STD 5	Blue	20 μ l

TEST PRINCIPLE

The SimReal™ CMV Kit is an in-vitro diagnostic kit designed for specific detection and quantitation of CMV infection on the basis of in-vitro DNA amplification using Real-time PCR technology.

The viral genome detection is based on amplification and detection of CMV conserved sequence using a

corresponding labeled probe. The probe targeting viral sequence is labeled with FAM fluorochrome. Furthermore, viral genome quantitation can be performed using absolute quantitation method.

PROTOCOL

a) Preparation of the reaction mix

For each experiment, prepare a master mix of an appropriate volume for negative control, standard samples and (n+1) test samples. The reagents of the mix have to mix with this ratio:

Component Labels	Volume/reaction
Reaction Mix	10 μ l
Oligomix	2 μ l

Aliquot 18 μ l of Master Mix in each tube and add 2 μ l of extracted DNA or control DNA into individual tubes, spin tubes shortly and place them in your Real-time PCR device.

b) Real time PCR cyclers programming

Set device as the following profile:

Step	Temp	Time	Data collection	Cycle
Initial activation	95°C	15 min		1X
Denaturation	95°C	30 s	*	40X
Annealing	58°C	40 s		
Extension	72°C	20 s		

**The acquisition must be performed in FAM.*

Notice: appropriate detection or quantitation reaction template files can be found in www.sim-biolab.com

Standard samples are necessary for titrating of viral load by standard curve quantitation method. At least three standards should be used, respectively, in order to provide standard curve, for example, 10^2 , 10^3 , 10^4 , 10^5 and 10^6 .

You can use one of standards as unknown sample to evaluate reaction accuracy.

DATA ANALYSIS

The fluorescence in each channel indicates the hybridization of the probe

Channel 1 for FAM= CMV specific probe

Channel 2 for HEX= internal control probe

If a sample shows fluorescence in the green channel, the sample is positive for virus genome .

For estimating viral titer, absolute quantitation method should be used .

- You can download absolute quantitation program from www.sim-biolab.com

Standard curve design and calculate the CMV DNA in each sample, automatically. These data are using for the CMV DNA concentration estimation in copies/ml according to below equation:

$$\frac{\text{Sample concentration } \left(\frac{\text{copy}}{\text{ul}} \right) \times \text{Elution volume (ul)}}{\text{Isolation volume (ml)}} = \text{CMV copy/ml}$$

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